

**Curriculum - Academic Year 2018-19**  
**Characteristics of the Course Units**

Name	<i>Chemical Kinetics</i>
ECTS credits	<i>4</i>
Year / Semester	<i>I/1°</i>
Specific learning outcomes	<p><i>On successful completion of this module students should be able to:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>1- Understand the concept of rate of change associated with a given chemical reaction and how it can be measured.</i></li> <li><i>2- Recall and explain why certain factors such as concentration, temperature, medium and the presence of a catalyst will affect the speed of a chemical change.</i></li> <li><i>3- Determine rate law of chemical change based on experimental data.</i></li> <li><i>4- Be able to identify the reaction order for a chemical change.</i></li> <li><i>5- Understand the concept of pseudo-first order kinetics.</i></li> <li><i>6- Apply integrated rate equations to solve for the concentration of chemical species during a reaction of different orders.</i></li> <li><i>7- Understand the concept of mechanism and using rate law data predict whether or not a proposed mechanism is viable or not.</i></li> <li><i>8- Understand the concept of an activation energy in the context of the transition state and be able to calculate the activation energy given some experimental data.</i></li> <li><i>9- Recall, manipulate and properly employ the Arrhenius Law.</i></li> <li><i>10- Explain the function and purpose of a catalyst.</i></li> </ol>
Contents	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>– Some fundamental ideas of kinetics (reaction rate, chemical reaction classification, factors that affect reactions rate, activation energy, half-lives, molecularity, Arrhenius law),</i></li> <li><i>– Formal kinetics ( reaction order, kinetics laws, techniques and methods to determined reaction order, kinetics of more complex systems),</i></li> <li><i>– Theory of chemical kinetics (collision Theory and transition state theory),</i></li> <li><i>– Complex reactions kinetics ( approximation methods, chain reactions ...),</i></li> <li><i>– Catalysis (definitions, kinetics of catalyzed reaction, types of a catalyzed reaction).</i></li> </ul>
Teaching and learning methods	<i>Face to face, 56 hours</i>
Teaching techniques	<i>Lectures, 24 hours</i> <i>Practical classes, 32 hours</i>
Assessment methods	<p><i>Written.</i></p> <p><i>A written tests and a final-term written exam are foreseen.</i></p> <p><i>The written tests and a final –term written exam consists of exercise problems to be solved, which are similar to those presented during exercise sessions.</i></p>
Assessment criteria	<p><i>In the written tests, students should demonstrate their ability to interpret and analyse chemical reaction kinetics data.</i></p> <p><i>In the final term test, students will be required to solve a problem related to a complex</i></p>

	system.
Assessment metrics	<i>Attribution of a final grade</i>
Criteria of attribution of the final grade	<p><i>The final grade will be determined according to the following rules:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <i>written tests: 20%</i></li> <li>- <i>Final term written test: 50%</i></li> <li>- <i>Practical work assessments: 30%</i></li> </ul>
Preparatory course units	N.A.
Didactic material	<p><i>J.I.Steinfeld, J.S.Francisco &amp;W.L.Hase, "Chemical kinetics and dynamics", Prentice Hall, 1999.</i></p> <p><i>Vivek Patel, « Chemical Kinetics », In Tech, 2012</i></p>